Best Management Practices (BMPs) Guidelines for Motorized Carriages (Fire Precaution Level III)

- 1. Keep carriage clean of flammable material and debris.
- 2. Utilize manufactured recommended non-sparking clamping jaws for braking system
- 3. Perform daily maintenance checks to assure:
 - USDA Forest Service approved exhaust system is in compliance.
 - Fire extinguishers are securely mounted on opposite sides of the carriage and fully charged.
 - Emergency motor cutoff is in good working order.
 - Battery hold-downs are in good repair and positive terminal is insulated.
 - Electrical wiring and circuit breakers are in good working order, according to manufacturer specifications.
 - Non-sparking clamping jaws are in good working order.
- 4. For operations in western Washington (summit of the Cascade Mountains west), monitor relative humidity hourly. Shut down operation when relative humidity is less than 30%.

Severe Fire Behavior Potential related to Relative Humidity and Fuel Moisture Content			
R.H.	1-Hour	10-Hour	
%	F.M. %	F.M. %	Relative ease of chance ignition and spotting; general burning conditions
26-40	8-10	8-9	High ignition hazard – matches always dangerous; occasional crowning, spotting caused by gusty winds; "moderate burning conditions.
15-30	5-7	5-7	Quick ignition, rapid buildup, extensive crowning; any increase in wind causes increased spotting, crowning, loss of control; fire moves up bark of trees igniting aerial fuels; long distance spotting in pine stands; dangerous burning conditions.
< 15	< 5	< 5	All sources of ignition dangerous; aggressive burning, spot fires occur often and spread rapidly, extreme fire behavior probable; critical burning conditions