Western Redcedar Dieback in the Northwest

From Oregon through western Canada, western redcedar (Thuja plicata) has been dying in areas where it should be thriving, such as along streams and within closed canopies. The cause for this sometimes sudden and expanding dieback is currently unknown.

Insects and diseases of western redcedar are typically secondary, meaning that they are not direct tree-killers but are opportunistic pests and can only attack dead and dying trees. Redcedar can even tolerate endemic levels of bark beetles and stem decay for many years.

These known pests have not always been found in dieback pockets nor have novel pests been observed.

The predominant theory for sudden mortality is that trees may be impacted by a changing climate, including increasing average temperatures and drought stress in the form of reduced and inconsistent precipitation. Even shaded sites along streams are at risk due to higher-than-usual average temperatures and reduced stream flow. Western redcedar is more sensitive to slight changes in abiotic conditions and may be crossing the lower limits of where they can thrive in some areas.

The Oregon Department of Forestry, the Washington State Department of Natural Resources, the U.S. Forest Service, various university researchers, and natural resource agencies are collaborating to collect locations to determine the distribution and possible cause(s) of dieback.

We are mapping locations of dieback and monitoring some of these sites over the long term.

**We are now asking for your help** in identifying sites of where dieback and tree decline is occurring. We are looking for pockets of dieback containing at least two mature trees with any of the following symptoms: Thinning crowns, recent topkill, yellowing crowns, or branch flagging and dieback.

Do not report these symptoms or single dead trees.
Please submit GPS locations of western redcedar dieback to

► Oregon Department of Forestry entomologist Christine Buhl at christine.j.buhl@oregon.gov
► Washington DNR forest health specialist at Melissa Fischer at Melissa.Fischer@dnr.wa.gov
► USFS Forest Service forest pathologist at Betsy Goodrich at anne.goodrich@usda.gov

For more information, go to dnr.wa.gov/foresthealth.