

Board of Natural Resources

Product Sales & Leasing Division

Forest Health Briefing
January 5, 2017



Agenda

- Forest Health Briefing
 - History what's the problem?
 - Legislation how we're being asked to fix the problem
 - State Lands and BNR role



What's the problem?

- Overstocked forests in Eastern Washington
- 100 years of fire suppression

Symptoms:

- Increased tree mortality from pests and disease
- Increased wildfires both in frequency and severity

Comparison of forest conditions, 1934–2010, Naneum Creek drainage near Mission Peak in central Kittitas County.







dnr.wa.gov

Size of the problem

Table 13: Eastern Washington Total Active Forest Restoration Need by Ownership with the Anchor Forest Study Areas. (Disturbance and Disturbance/Succession)

	Total Active Restoration Need	
Ownership	Acres	Percent
USFS	1,119,674	42%
State-DNR	257,434	10%
State-Other	46,227	2%
Tribal	397,782	15%
Private Industrial	319,923	12%
Private Non-Industrial	466,414	17%
Other	71,050	3%
Total	2,678,504	

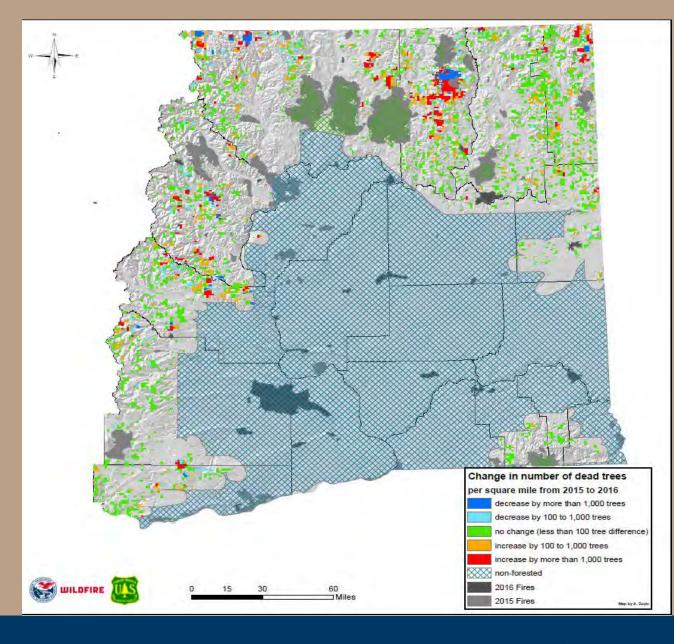
Eastern Washington Forest Health Report 2014



Size of the problem

 Change in tree mortality and large fires, 2015-2016

Forest Health Highlights in Washington, 2016



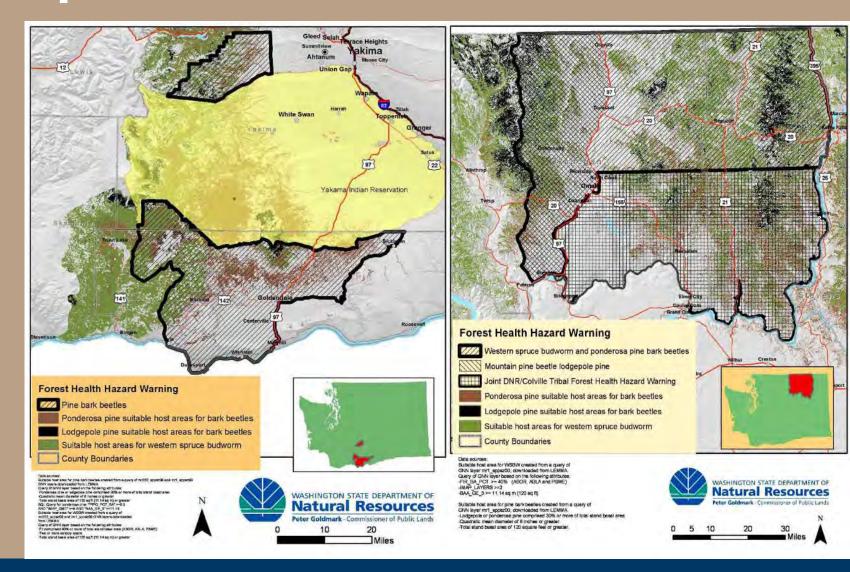
Addressing the problem - State Lands

- 2004 Forest Improvement Treatment (FIT) legislation
- Additional legislative funding
 - SBCA funding
 - Federal grant



Addressing the problem -

2012 Forest
Health
Hazard
Warning
Areas





2016 legislation, 20-Year Forest Health Strategic Plan

ESHB 2376, SEC. 308

Develop a 20-Year Forest Health
Strategic Plan to "treat areas of state
forest land that have been identified
by the department as being in poor
health."





20-YEAR FOREST HEALTH STRATEGIC PLAN

EASTERN WASHINGTON





2017 Legislation, SB 5546 & HB 1711

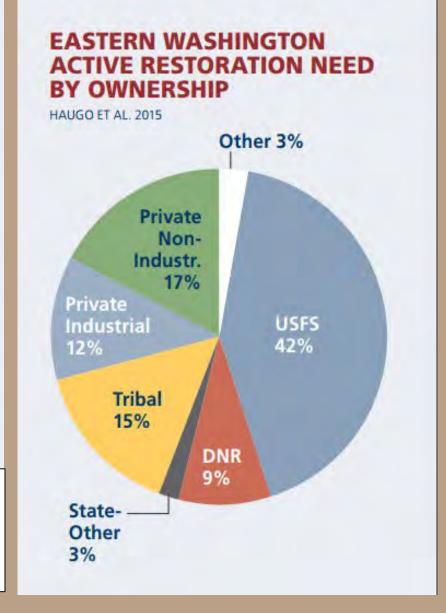
SB 5546

Build on the 20-Year Forest Health Strategic Plan to develop an assessment and treatment framework to proactively and systematically address the forest health issues, and assess and treat one million acres of land by 2033.

HB 1711

Develop and implement a policy for prioritizing forest health treatment investments on state lands to reduce wildfire hazards and losses; reduce disease and insect infestation; and achieve forest health and resilience at a landscape-scale.

Importantly, the DNR also understands that the success of treatments often requires work to go beyond trust land borders. Using tools like the Good Neighbor Authority, the DNR now has the ability to look beyond its own ownership boundaries and effectively work with the USDA Forest Service to address forest health needs at a landscape-scale.



- State lands forest health strategy near completion
- Utilizing 20-Year Strategic
 Plan and HB 1711 criteria to prioritize treatment planning

January 2018

A Strategy to Restore Forest Health on State Lands in Eastern Washington



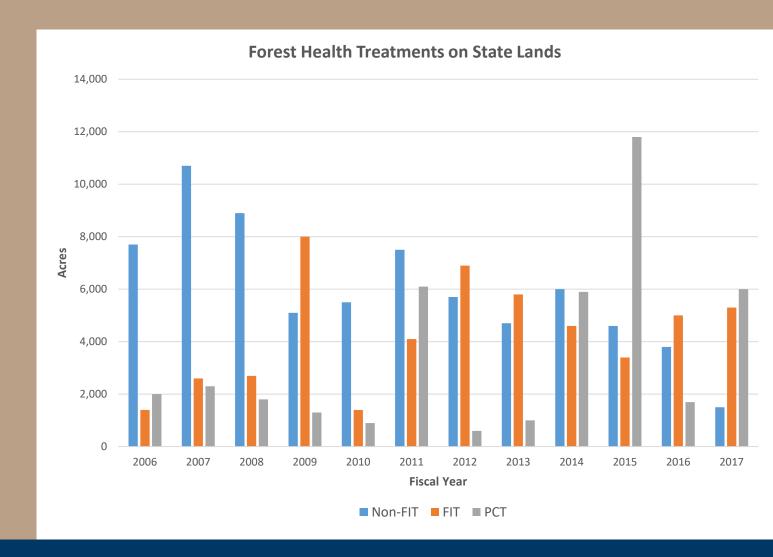






Forest health treatments on State Lands

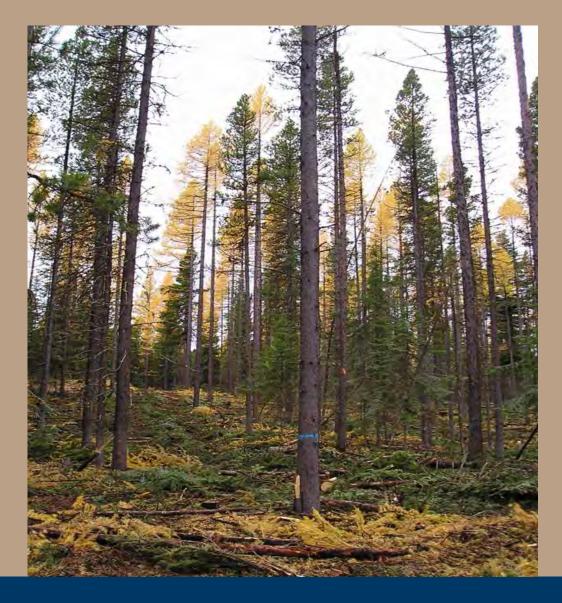
- Acres commercial harvest and precommercial thinning forest health treatments
- NE & SE Regions 2006-2017





Forest health treatments on State Lands





State Lands & BNR role

- Plan/conduct forest health treatments on State Lands per HB 1711 & consistent with 20 yr. forest health strategic plan
- Forest Health Revolving Account
- Reporting (BNR & legislature)
- Implementation Plan
 - Priority landscapes identified
 - > Priority treatments being identified



What we covered

- Forest Health Briefing
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Next month

State Lands Forest Health Implementation Plan



