Cherry Point Herring Update, 2018

PISH AND WILDLIFE

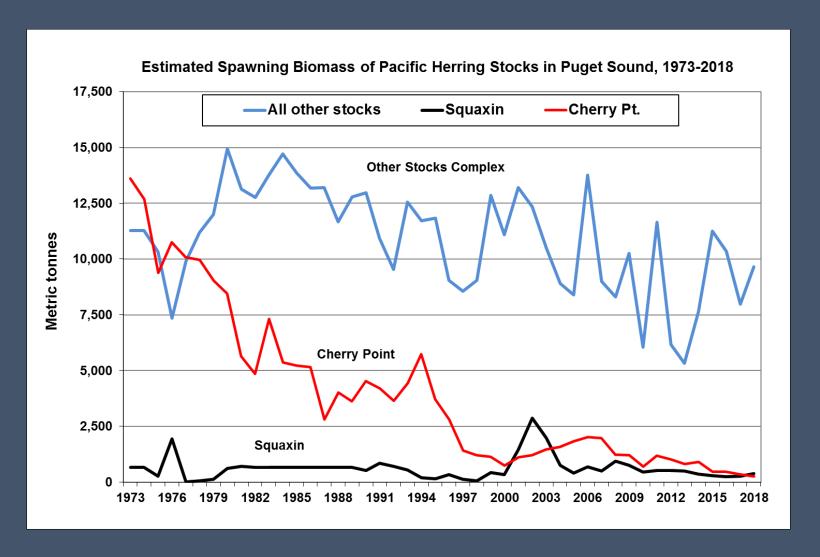
WDFW Herring Program Contacts:

*Adam Lindquist (Adam.Lindquist@dfw.wa.gov) Olympia office Todd Sandell (Todd.Sandell@dfw.wa.gov) Mill Creek office

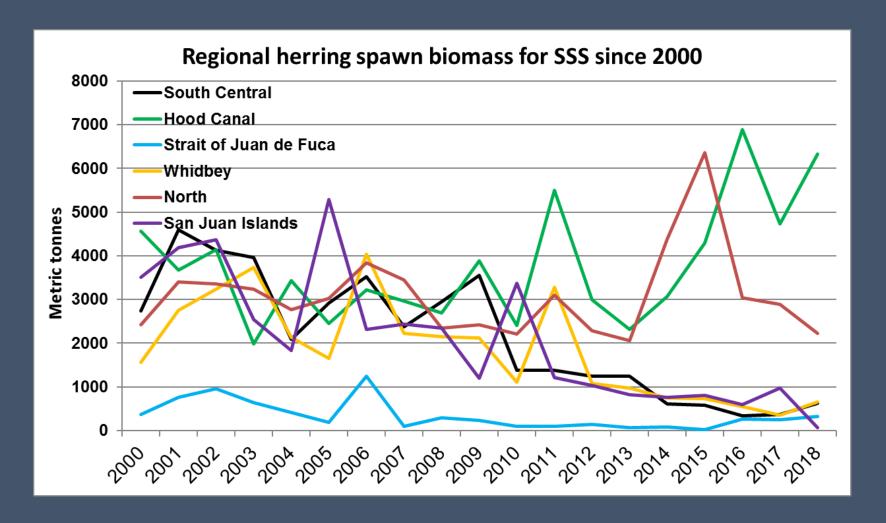
2018 Herring biomass summary

- Across the southern Salish Sea, overall herring spawn biomass was 9,744 metric tonnes
 - up from 8,187 metric tonnes in 2017
- Survey effort was up ~7% in 2018 vs. 2017
- Cherry Pt. stocked declined from 337 to 249 metric tons (new low)
 - #8 in biomass out of 21 stocks
- 2018 survey effort at Cherry Point
 - 455 stations over 18 days

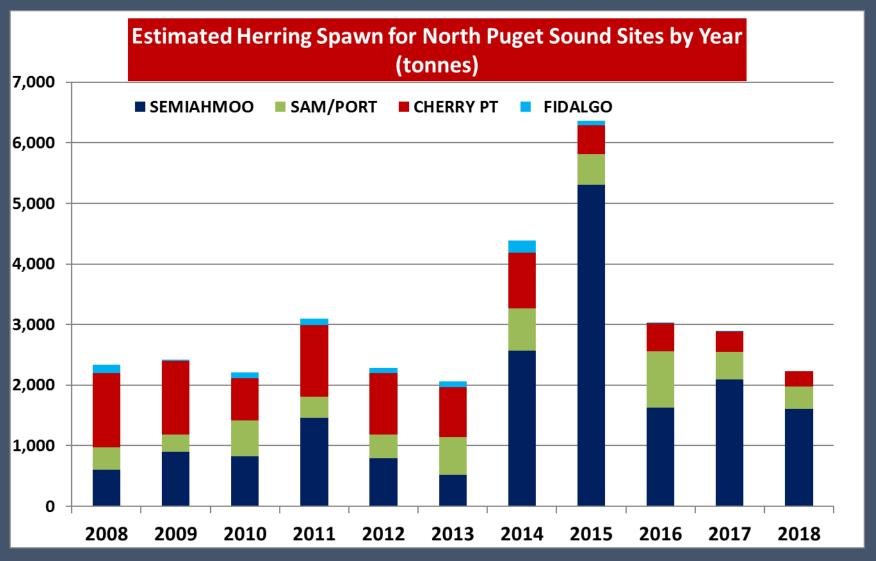
2018 Southern Salish Sea (SSS) Herring biomass summary by genetic grouping



2018 SS Herring biomass summary, by Basin, since 2000



Estimated herring spawning biomass in the Northern basin since 2008





Spawning behavior of CP stock

- Timing: 2018 had a long gap between 2nd and 3rd (final) spawn events
 - Spawning dates were 4/23, 5/4, and 5/30

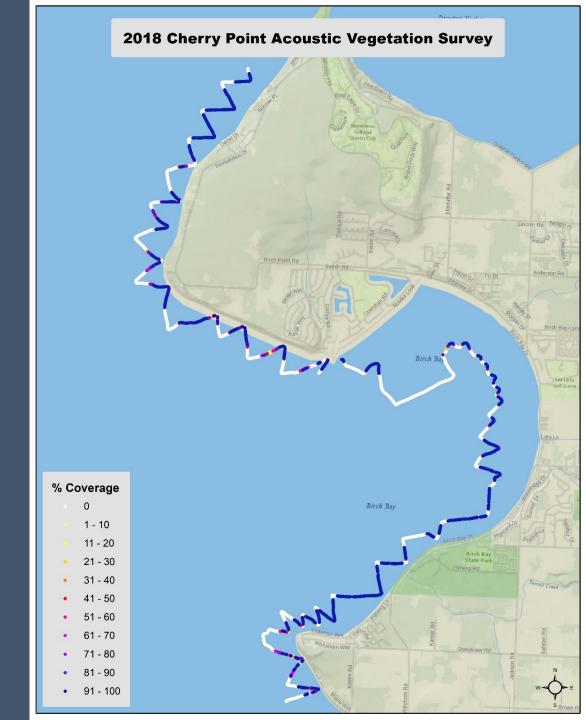


Acoustic Vegetation Survey at CP

This survey was conducted to test our assumption on a 60 meter wide vegetation band used in biomass calculations.

Biosonics DT-X 120 kHz transducer

22 ft Almar survey vessel "Caurinus"



Acoustic Vegetation Surveys: What We Learned

- Most of Cherry Point has vegetation bands wider than 60 meters
- Some vegetation types are harder to detect with acoustics
- Seasonality of vegetation growth could drastically effect biomass estimates
- Some type of verification method needs to be used, such as drop cameras or ROV video
- Switching to a 200 kHz may help with data collection and analysis
 - Would allow the use of a smaller vessel, covering shallower habitat
 - Better penetration through vegetation canopy



Future & Ongoing Projects

Genetics- SeaGrant award with Lorenz Hauser, UW

- DNR funded gill net samples- were fish caught all CP fish?
 (2017 gill net results expected in winter 2019)
- Finer stock delineation for all of SSS (beyond microsats)
- Where else are CP herring encountered (using MWT samples)

Larval fish surveys – major data gap

- Evelyn's data on light trap captures to date
- Utility of light traps for forage fish/herring?
- Light traps near Petrogas pier, Birch Head?







CP herring and climate change research

1) 2016-18: Christina Villalobos and Brooke Love (WWU):

- Studied effects of lower pH (increased acidity) and temperature (10° vs. 16° C) on larval performance and survival and found:
- Fertilization rates exceeded 80% in all treatments
- Larval abnormalities averaged 17% with no significant difference between treatments
- Embryo mortality was significantly higher at 16° and at lower pH

2) 2019-20: Megan Russell and Brady Olson (WWU):

- Following up on Christina's work, Megan will compare the effects of elevated pH and temperature on larval herring from CP and Quilcene Bay (HC)
- Examine yolk exhaustion rates and feeding behavior at lower pH (increased acidity) and temperature (16 and 18° C)

WDFW Staffing

WDFW-Forage Fish staffing additions

- Moved Washington Conservation Corps (WCC) crew to Fish Program
 - Continue with Smelt and Sand Lance egg sampling
 - Provide additional help for herring surveys
- Added a seasonal technician to help with WCC and herring work
- Adding one Veterans Corp member to Mill Creek to help with herring work
- All this thanks to.......







Questions?

(Adam.Lindquist@dfw.wa.gov)

