# STATE FOREST LAND SEPA ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

# Purpose of checklist:

Governmental agencies use this checklist to help determine whether the environmental impacts of your proposal are significant. This information is also helpful to determine if available avoidance, minimization or compensatory mitigation measures will address the probable significant impacts or if an environmental impact statement will be prepared to further analyze the proposal.

## Instructions for applicants:

This environmental checklist asks you to describe some basic information about your proposal. Please answer each question accurately and carefully, to the best of your knowledge. You may need to consult with an agency specialist or private consultant for some questions. You may use "not applicable" or "does not apply" only when you can explain why it does not apply and not when the answer is unknown. You may also attach or incorporate by reference additional studies reports. Complete and accurate answers to these questions often avoid delays with the SEPA process as well as later in the decision-making process.

Questions in italics are supplemental to Ecology's standard environmental checklist. They have been added by the DNR to assist in the review of state forest land proposals. Adjacency and landscape/watershed-administrative-unit (WAU) maps for this proposal are available on the DNR internet website at <a href="http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa">http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa</a>. These maps may also be reviewed at the DNR regional office responsible for the proposal. This checklist is to be used for SEPA evaluation of state forest land activities.

The checklist questions apply to <u>all parts of your proposal</u>, even if you plan to do them over a period of time or on different parcels of land. Attach any additional information that will help describe your proposal or its environmental effects. The agency to which you submit this checklist may ask you to explain your answers or provide additional information reasonably related to determining if there may be significant adverse impact.

## Instructions for Lead Agencies:

Additional information may be necessary to evaluate the existing environment, all interrelated aspects of the proposal and an analysis of adverse impacts. The checklist is considered the first but not necessarily the only source of information needed to make an adequate threshold determination. Once a threshold determination is made, the lead agency is responsible for the completeness and accuracy of the checklist and other supporting documents.

# Use of checklist for nonproject proposals:

For nonproject proposals (such as ordinances, regulations, plans and programs), complete the applicable parts of sections A and B plus the <u>SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET FOR NONPROJECT ACTIONS (part D)</u>. Please completely answer all questions that apply and note that the words "project," "applicant," and "property or site" should be read as "proposal," "proponent," and "affected geographic area," respectively. The lead agency may exclude (for non-projects) questions in Part B - Environmental Elements —that do not contribute meaningfully to the analysis of the proposal.

#### A. BACKGROUND

1. Name of proposed project, if applicable:

Timber Sale Name: Q MOUNTAIN VIEW

Agreement # 30-106399

- 2. Name of applicant: Washington Department of Natural Resources
- 3. Address and phone number of applicant and contact person:

Robert Hechinger Washington Department of Natural Resources 225 S. Silke Road Colville, WA 99114 (509) 684-7474

- 4. Date checklist prepared: 02/06/2024
- 5. Agency requesting checklist: Washington Department of Natural Resources
- 6. Proposed timing or schedule (including phasing, if applicable):

a. Auction Date:

08/27/2024

b. Planned contract end date (but may be extended):

10/31/2026

c. Phasing:

None planned.

- 7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain.
- □ No, go to question 8.
- ✓ Yes, identify any plans under A-7-a through A-7-d:
- a. Site Preparation:
  - TSU NO: 1 FOLLAR BOARD 11/01/2026 49.8 acres
  - TSU NO: 1 PILE AND BURN 10/01/2027 1 acre
  - TSU NO: 2 FOLLAR BOARD 11/01/2026 65 acres
  - · TSU NO: 2 PILE AND BURN 10/01/2027 1 acre
  - TSU NO: 3 FOLLAR BOARD 11/01/2026 96,2 acres
  - TSU NO: 3 PILE AND BURN 10/01/2027 1 acre
- b. Regeneration Method:
  - TSU NO: 1 HAND PLANT 04/01/2028 49.8 acres
  - TSU NO: 2 HAND PLANT 04/01/2028 65 acres

- TSU NO: 3 HAND PLANT 04/01/2028 96.2 acres
- c. Vegetation Management:
  - TSU NO: 1 SEED GRASS 10/01/2026 2 acres
  - TSU NO: 2 SEED GRASS 10/01/2026 2 acres
  - TSU NO: 3 SEED GRASS 10/01/2026 2 acres

#### d. Other:

Road maintenance assessments will be conducted and may include periodic ditch and culvert cleanout and grading as necessary. Pre-commercial thinning needs will be assessed at approximately 7 to 10 years of age. Commercial thinning potential will be assessed at approximately 25 to 30 years of age. Thinning may be done as needed to meet desired density, stocking, species diversity, and growth. Landing slash may be piled and burned, or if economically feasible, chipped for biomass. Firewood cutting may take place after harvest activities have concluded. Application of herbicides may occur to assist with site preparation and to control roadside weeds. Prescribed fire may be utilized to achieve future silviculture, forest health, fuel reduction, or fire hazard abatement objectives.

forest hearth, fuel read	iction, or the maze	ard abatement objectives.
directly related to this pr	roposal. Note: All	ou know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, documents are available upon request at the DNR Region Office WAU: Colville River
⊠ temp	)	
□ sedin	ient	
$\Box$ comp	leted TMDL (tota	al maximum daily load)
☐ Landscape plan:		
☐ Watershed analys	ris:	
☐ Interdisciplinary	team (ID Team) r	report:
⊠ Road design plan	. DNR draft road	d plan dated 02/05/24.
☐ Wildlife report:		
☐ Geotechnical rep	ort:	
☐ Other specialist r	eport(s):	
☐ Memorandum of t	understanding (s <mark>į</mark>	portsmen's groups, neighborhood associations, tribes, etc.):
☐ Rock pit plan:		
soil stability, and had Management Plan; S	oitat typing; Cultu tate Soil Survey; ashington" by Ro	reporting: soil types, mass wasting potential, erosion potential, ural Resource Screening Documentation; DNR Smoke Policy for Sustainable Forests; "Identifying Old Trees and obert Van Pelt, September 2008. DNR 20-year Forest Health est Health Plan.
<ol><li>Do you know whether affecting the property co</li></ol>		e pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly oposal? If yes, explain.
None known.		
10. List any governmen	it approvals or per	rmits that will be needed for your proposal, if known.
□ FPA # <b>3026933</b>	$\Box$ FPHP	⊠ Board of Natural Resources Approval     3

☐ Burning permit	Shoreline permit	☐ Existing HPA
Other:		

- 11. Give brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page. (Lead agencies may modify this form to include additional specific information on project description.)
  - a. Complete proposal description: There are three final rotational units to be harvested. An estimated volume of 4,000 thousand board feet (MBF) would be harvested from this proposal. The proposal is located in a Tier 1 high priority Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 5 watershed of the DNR 20-Year Forest Health Strategic Plan.

Unit	Proposal Acres (gross)	RMZ/WMZ Acres	Potentially Unstable Slope Acres	Existing Road Acres (within unit)	Sale Acres	Leave Tree Clump Acres	Net Harvest Acres
1	55.8	4.9	0	0.3	50.6	0.8	49.8
2	65.0	0	0	0	65.0	0	65.0
3	96.2	0	0	2.6	93.6	0	93.6
Totals	217.0	4.9		2.9	209.2	0.8	208.4

b. Describe the stand of timber pre-harvest (include major timber species and origin date), type of harvest and overall unit objectives.

# Pre-harvest Stand Description:

Jnit	Origin Date	Major Timber Species	Type of Harvest
1	1914	Ponderosa Pine	Final rotation harvest
2	1912	Douglas-fir	Final rotation harvest
3	1924	Douglas-fir	Final rotation harvest

## Overall Unit Objectives:

- 1) Produce revenue for the Normal School Trust (03) through the production of saw logs and pulp material.
- 2) Provide wildlife and riparian habitat by developing vertical stand structure and age class distribution in the future stands. Provide protection for golden eagle nesting habitat.
- 3) Improve stand health by adding early seral species resistant to root disease and remove as much mistletoe infected western larch and Douglas-fir in the proposal area as possible.
- 4) To improve stand vigor, health, and increase fire resiliency.

c. Describe planned road activity. Include information on any rock pits that will be used in this proposal. See associated forest practice application (FPA) for maps and more details.

Type of Activity	How Many	Length (feet) (Estimated)	Acres (Estimated)	Fish Barrier Removals (#)
Construction		3,684	1.2	0
Reconstruction		14,946	SEL CREATE	0
Maintenance	Bizani a	1,760		0
Abandonment	STORES !	0	0	0
Bridge Install/Replace	0	THE RESERVE TO SERVE		0
Stream Culvert Install/Replace (fish)	0			0
Stream Culvert Install/Replace (no fish)	1			
Cross-Drain Install/Replace	6			

There may be up to 599 feet of additional new road construction within the sale area; in the form of short spurs to facilitate access, protect public resources, maintain ingress and egress or provide for safety.

- 12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person to understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, and range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" as referenced on the DNR website: <a href="http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa">http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa</a>. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)
  - a. Legal description: T31N R39E S01, T32N R39E S36, T33N R39E S35,36
  - b. Distance and direction from nearest town:

Approximately six miles northwest and southwest of Chewelah, WA.

Unit 1: From Chewelah, WA head north on State Route 395 for 6 miles. Turn west onto Blue Creek Road and travel west 1.3 miles and the unit is on the north side of the road.

Unit 2: From Chewelah, WA head north on State Route 395 for 6 miles. Turn west onto Blue Creek Road and travel west 0.9 miles. Turn south into 1734 Blue Creek Road West, for 0.5 miles until you hit the property line.

Unit 3: From Chewelah, WA head south on State Route 395 for 1.9 miles. Turn west onto Quarry Browns Lake Road and travel west for 4.8 miles. Turn south onto Smola Road and travel 1.2 miles. Turn west onto Red Marble Road and travel 1.0 mile. Turn north onto Mountain View Road for 0.3 miles. Turn north onto E313901EE and continue for 0.2 miles. Turn west onto

E313901E and continue 0.3 miles to gate. Continue E313901E for 0.04 miles. Turn west onto E323936S and continue for 0.6 miles. Turn north, continuing on E323936S for 0.4 miles until you hit the property line.

# 13. Cumulative Effects

a. Briefly describe any known environmental concerns that exist regarding elements of the environment in the associated WAU(s). (See WAC 197-11-444 for what is considered an element of the environment).

There are no known major environmental concerns associated with this proposal regarding elements of the environment in the HUCKLEBERRY CREEK or COLVILLE RIVER/DRY CREEK WAU's.

Individual activities, such as this proposal, are likely to emit some greenhouse gases, including CO2; however, at the landscape scale, DNR's sustainable land management activities, including this proposal, sequester more carbon than they emit. Recognizing the climate and carbon benefits of working forests in Washington's Climate Commitment Act (RCW 70A.45.005), the legislature found that Washington should maintain and enhance the state's ability to continue to sequester carbon through natural and working lands and forest products. Further, "Washington's existing forest products sector, including public and private working forests and the harvesting, transportation, and manufacturing sectors that enable working forests to remain on the land and the state to be a global supplier of forest products, is, according to a University of Washington study analyzing the global warming mitigating role of wood products from Washington's private forests, an industrial sector that currently operates as a significant net sequesterer of carbon. This value, which is only provided through the maintenance of an intact and synergistic industrial sector, is an integral component of the state's contribution to the global climate response and efforts to mitigate carbon emissions." RCW 70A.45.090(1)(a).

The legislature also found that the 2019 Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) report "identifies several measures where sustainable forest management and forest products may be utilized to maintain and enhance carbon sequestration. These include increasing the carbon sequestration potential of forests and forest products by maintaining and expanding the forestland base, reducing emissions from land conversion to non-forest uses, increasing forest resiliency to reduce the risk of carbon releases from disturbances such as wildfire, pest infestation, and disease, and applying sustainable forest management techniques to maintain or enhance forest carbon stocks and forest carbon sinks, including through the transference of carbon to wood products" (2020 Washington Laws Ch. 120 §1(2)).

DNR has maintained (statewide) a forest management certificate to the Sustainable Forestry Initiative standard since 2006. In managing state trust lands sustainably, DNR sequesters more carbon than it emits while conducting land management activities such as this proposal.

The timber harvested from DNR-managed lands is used to produce climate-smart forest products. The climate impacts of DNR's land management are analyzed in multiple environmental impact statements that have informed the Board of Natural Resources' decisions

- and are consistent with the IPCC, which states that "meeting society's needs for timber through intensive management of a smaller forest area creates opportunities for enhanced forest protection and conservation in other areas, thus contributing to climate change mitigation."
- b. Briefly describe existing plans and programs (i.e. the HCP, DNR landscape plans, retention tree plans) and current forest practice rules that provide/require mitigation to protect against potential impacts to environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a.
  - Forest Practice Rules regulate any activity related to growing, harvesting and processing timber. The Rules also regulate road construction and hydraulic projects in typed water.
  - Forest Practice Rules established Riparian Management Zones (RMZ) along streams to maintain riparian functions.
  - Forest Practice Board Manual "Guidelines for Forest Roads" Best Management Practices (BMP) guides road construction and maintenance techniques.
  - The DNR Policy for Sustainable Forests (2006) guided the development and layout of the proposal.
  - The DNR Retention and Perpetuation of Biological Legacies and Green Trees Procedure (PR14-006-091) aided in the selection of retention trees.
  - Identifying Old Trees and Forests in Eastern Washington, by Robert Van Pelt, September 2008, was utilized in the identification and protection of old growth trees.
  - Sale layout follows the Washington State Department of Natural Resources Policy number PO14-009 regarding wildlife habitat pertaining to federally or state listed species.
  - The Smoke Management Plan (SMP) regulates activities associated with pile burning or prescribed fire.
  - DNR 20-Year Forest Health Strategic Plan.
  - DNR State Lands Forest Health Plan.
- c. Briefly describe any specific mitigation measures proposed, in addition to the mitigation provided by plans and programs listed under question A-13-b.
  - No harvest within the core, inner, and outer zones of Type F, and Type Np riparian management zones.
  - No harvest within average width wetland management zones except to the extent necessary for road construction.
  - Retaining at least six leave trees from the largest available diameter classes per acre dispersed and aggregated throughout the harvest units.
  - Planting of tree seedlings in harvest units to supplement natural regeneration and ensure adequate reforestation occurs.
  - Proposal review by DNR wildlife biologist.
  - A DNR State Lands geologist remotely reviewed all units of the sale utilizing historic aerial photographs, LIDAR imagery, and GIS data from the DNR corporate database.
  - Timing restrictions may be placed on the sale for timber harvesting, timber hauling, road construction, and site preparation within one mile of a WDFW documented wolf den from March 15th to July 30th or ¼ mile of a WDFW documented wolf den site at other times of the year. No WDFW documented wolf den sites are known to be in the area.
  - Timing restrictions from March 1st to August 1st may be placed on the operation for timber harvesting, timber hauling, road construction, and site preparation within a half

- mile of a DNR biologist documented goshawk nest if one is found.
- Coordinated skidding patterns and landing locations, effective contract administration, and normal road maintenance will minimize erosion potential.
- No felling, skidding, or other hauling activities will occur during spring break-up unless approved by the contract administrator (CA).
- Harvest and haul activities will be monitored, and activities will be restricted where needed to prevent sediment delivery to streams.
- Roads have been designed to minimize erosion potential and conduct water onto naturally vegetated forest floors utilizing drivable dips, in or out-sloping of road surfaces, crowning, ditching, and installation of cross drains.
- Energy dissipating structures will be placed at the outfall of cross drains where necessary to prevent erosion. Culvert headwalls will be armored where necessary.
- Skid trails will be grass seeded, water barred, or have slash placed where necessary to prevent erosion. Grass seeding will also occur on cut and fill slopes where necessary.
- Road Plan has been designed by a forest engineer and reviewed and approved by a licensed engineer.
- DNR archeologist has reviewed the proposal area. Any areas of significance were bounded out.
- DNR biologist has reviewed the proposal area. No concerns were identified.
- d. Based on the answers in questions A-13-a through A-13-c, is it likely potential impacts from this proposal could contribute to any environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a?
  - It is not likely that potential impacts from this proposal will contribute to the environmental concerns listed in question A.13.a. This proposal will be conducted in accordance with the Policy for Sustainable Forests (2006) and Washington State Forest Practice Rules. Additionally, planned reforestation activities post-harvest will further mitigate any possible effects made to the environmental concerns listed above.
- e. Complete the table below with the reasonably foreseeable future activities within the associated WAU(s) (add more lines as needed). Future is generally defined as occurring within the next 7years. This data was obtained from DNR's Land Resource Manager System on the date of processing this checklist and may be subject to change.

WAU Name	Total WAU Acres	DNR- managed WAU Acres	Acres of DNR proposed even-aged harvest in the future	Acres of DNR proposed unevenaged harvest in the future	Acres of proposed harvest on non-DNR-managed lands currently under active FP permits
HUCKLEBERRY CREEK	50088	1833	100	0	2706
COLVILLE RIVER/DRY CREEK	23702	247	42	15	864

Other management activities, such as stand and road maintenance, will likely occur within the

# **B.** ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS

# 1. Earth

General description of the site (check one):	
☐ Flat, ☐ Rolling, ☒ Hilly, ☐ Steep Slop	oes,   Mountainous,  Other:
General description of the associated WA     (landforms, climate, elevations, and forest)	
WAU:	HUCKLEBERRY CREEK
WAU Acres:	50088
Elevation Range:	1628 - 5808 ft.
Mean Elevation:	2551 ft.
Average Precipitation:	18 in./year
Primary Forest Vegetation Zone:	Douglas-fir
WAU:	COLVILLE RIVER/DRY CREEK
WAU Acres:	23702
Elevation Range:	1610 - 4924 ft.
Mean Elevation:	2280 ft.
Average Precipitation:	16 in./year
Primary Forest Vegetation Zone:	Douglas-fir
	□ Flat, □ Rolling, ⋈ Hilly, □ Steep Slop  1. General description of the associated WA (landforms, climate, elevations, and forest)  WAU: WAU Acres: Elevation Range: Mean Elevation: Average Precipitation: Primary Forest Vegetation Zone:  WAU:  WAU Acres: Elevation Range: Mean Elevation: Average Precipitation:

2. Identify any difference between the proposal location and the general description of the WAU or sub-basin(s).

This proposal is a representative example of the WAUs at the same elevation and aspect.

b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)?

69%

c. What general types of soils are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any agricultural land of long-term commercial significance and whether the proposal results in removing any of these soils.

The general soil type found on site is stony loam, and stony silt loam. Harvest methods and operations have been designed to minimize ground disturbance. No soils will be removed from agricultural lands as a result of this proposal.

Note: The following table is created from state soil survey data. It is an overview of general soils information for the soils found in the sale area. The actual soil conditions in the sale area may vary considerably based on land-form shapes, presence of erosive situations, and other factors.

State Soil Survey #	Soil Texture	
0038	STONY LOAM	
6782	STONY LOAM	
7661	STONY SILT LOAM	
1693	STONY LOAM	
6773	STONY LOAM	

d. Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so,

describe.
<ul> <li>No, go to question B-1-e.</li> <li>☐ Yes, briefly describe potentially unstable slopes or landforms in or around the area of the proposal site. For further information, see question A-8 for related slope stability documents and question A-10 for the FPA number(s) associated with this proposal.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Does the proposal include any management activities proposed on potentially unstable slopes or landforms?</li> </ol>
⋈ No ☐ Yes, describe the proposed activities:

- 2) Describe any slope stability protection measures (including sale boundary location, road, and harvest system decisions) incorporated into this proposal.
- e. Describe the purpose, type, total area, and approximate quantities and total affected area of any filling, excavation, and grading proposed. Indicate source of fill.

Approx. acreage new roads: 1.2 Approx. acreage new landings: 3

Fill Source: Native material or local rock source

f. Could erosion occur as a result of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe.

Yes. Some minor erosion could occur as a result of building new roads, installing culverts, and hauling timber.

g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)? Approximate percent of proposal in permanent road running surface (includes gravel roads):

Approximately 1% of the site will remain as gravel roads.

- h. Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any: (Include protection measures for minimizing compaction or rutting.)
  - Coordinated skidding patterns and landing locations, effective contract administration, and normal road maintenance will minimize erosion potential.
  - No felling, skidding, or other hauling activities will occur during spring break-up unless approved by the contract administrator (CA).
  - Harvest and haul activities will be monitored, and activities will be restricted where needed to prevent sediment delivery to streams.
  - Roads have been designed to minimize erosion potential and conduct water onto naturally vegetated forest floors utilizing drivable dips, in or out-sloping of road surfaces, crowning, ditching, and installation of cross drains.
  - Energy dissipating structures will be placed at the outfall of cross drains where necessary to prevent erosion. Culvert headwalls will be armored where necessary.
  - Skid trails will be grass seeded, water barred, or have slash placed where necessary
    to prevent erosion. Grass seeding will also occur on cut and fill slopes where
    necessary.
  - Road Plan has been designed by a forest engineer and reviewed and approved by a licensed engineer.

#### 2. Air

a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal during construction, operation, and maintenance when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known.

Minor amounts of engine exhaust from logging and road construction equipment and dust from vehicle traffic on roads will be emitted during proposed activities. If landing debris is burned after harvest is completed, smoke will be generated. There will be no emissions once the proposal is complete.

b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal? If so, generally describe.

None known.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to air, if any:

Dust abatement will occur on selected roads as needed between June 1st and October 30th or as directed by the CA. If landing debris is burned and/or if prescribed fire occurs, it will adhere to the requirements of the Smoke Management Plan (SMP). The SMP provides regulatory direction, operating procedures, and advisory information regarding the management of smoke and fuels on the forestlands of Washington State. The goals of the SMP are to protect human health and safety from the effects of outdoor burning. The SMP is administered by DNR under authority described in the WA Clean Air Act. A burn permit will be obtained before burning occurs.

#### 3. Water

- a. Surface Water:
  - 1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into. (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" as referenced on the DNR website: <a href="http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa">http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa</a>. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)
  - □ No ⊠ Yes, describe in 3-a-1-a through 3-a-1-c below
  - a. Downstream water bodies: Blue Creek, Colville River
  - b. Complete the following riparian & wetland management zone table:

Wetland, Stream, Lake, Pond, or Saltwater Name (if any)	Water Type	Number (how many?)	Avg RMZ/WMZ Width in feet (per side for streams)
Blue Creek	F	1	110'
Un-named pip	Np	2	50'
Non-Forested Wetland	A	1	50'
Un-named Type Ns	Ns	1	30' ELZ

- c. List any additional RMZ/WMZ protection measures including silvicultural prescriptions, road related RMZ/WMZ protection measures and wind buffers.
- 2) Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described waters? If yes, please describe and attach available plans.

 $\square$  No

≥ Yes (See RMZ/WMZ table above and timber sale maps which are available on the DNR website: <a href="http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa">http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa</a>. Timber sale maps are also available at the DNR region office.)

Description (include culverts):

Timber harvest, hauling and road maintenance will occur within 200 feet. No harvest will occur in any RMZ's. One culvert will be placed in a Type Ns water.

3) Estimate the amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected.

Indicate the source of fill material.

None.

4)	description, pu	rt installation.)
	□ No	⊠ Yes, description:
	•	withdrawn from local sources during operations to facilitate dust ivities. Contractor is required to obtain all necessary permits.
5)	Does the prop	osal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan.
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe activity and location:
6)		osal involve any discharges of waste materials to surface waters? If so, upe of waste and anticipated volume of discharge.
	However, min discharged to	that any waste materials will be discharged into the surface water(s). For amounts of oil, fuel, and other lubricants may inadvertently be the adjacent surface water(s) as a result of heavy equipment use or illure. No lubricants will be disposed of on-site.
7)		ntial for eroded material to enter surface water as a result of the proposal e protection measures incorporated into the proposal's design?
	□ No	⊠ Yes, describe:
	70%. The pote	in susceptible to surface erosion are generally located on slopes steeper than ential for eroded material to enter surface water is minimized due to the l measures and operational procedures outlined in B-1-h.
8)	What are the d	approximate road miles per square mile in the associated WAU(s)?
	HUCKLEBE (mi./sq. mi.)	RRY CREEK = 2.9 (mi./sq. mi.), COLVILLE RIVER/DRY CREEK = 3.2
9)		st roads or ditches within the associated $WAU(s)$ that deliver surface water then back to the forest floor?
	□ No	⊠ Yes, describe:
	surface water construction, i	ne roads or road ditches within the WAU intercept surface flow and deliver to streams on non DNR managed lands. On DNR managed lands, road reconstruction, and/or maintenance standards are applied that address this ling cross-drains to deliver surface water to the stable forest floor.

10) Is there evidence of changes to channels associated with peak flows in the proposal area (accelerated aggradations, surface erosion, mass wasting, decrease in large organic debris (LOD), change in channel dimensions)?
□ No ⊠ Yes, describe observations:
There is evidence of changes to channels across the WAU(s). These changes are a result of natural events such as spring runoff from snowmelt and significant storm events. Channel migration, scouring, and deposition of material can be seen in channels across the WAU(s); this indicates those channels historically experience higher water levels and peak flows
11) Describe any anticipated contributions to peak flows resulting from this proposal's activities which could impact areas downstream or downslope of the proposal area.
It is not likely the proposed activity will change the timing, duration, or volume of water during a peak flow event. This proposal limits harvest unit size and proximity to other recent harvests, minimizes the extent of the road network, incorporates road drainage disconnected from stream networks, and implements wide riparian buffers which all have mitigating effects on the potential for this proposal to increase peak flows that could impact areas downstream or downslope of the proposal area.
12) Is there a water resource (public, domestic, agricultural, hatchery, etc.), or area of slope instability, downstream or downslope of the proposed activity?
☐ No ☐ Yes, describe the water resource(s): The Colville River is downstream of proposed activities.
a. Is it likely a water resource or an area of slope instability listed in B-3-12 (above) will be affected by changes in amounts, quality or movements of surface water as a result of this proposal?
13) Describe any protection measures, in addition to those required by other existing plans and programs (i.e., the HCP, DNR landscape plans) and current forest practice rules included in this proposal that mitigate potential negative effects on water quality and peak flow impacts.
See A-13-C & B-1-h for protection measures and haul restrictions. No harvest will occur in the immediate vicinity of any significant water source.

h	Ground	Water
n	L maina	water:

1) Will groundwater be withdrawn from a well for drinking water or other purposes? If so, give a general description of the well, proposed uses and approximate quantities withdrawn from the well. Will water be discharged to groundwater? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No groundwater will be withdrawn or discharged.

2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals: agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

Minor amounts of oil, fuel, and other lubricants may inadvertently be discharged to the ground as a result of heavy equipment use or mechanical failure. No lubricants will be disposed of on-site. All spills are required to be contained and cleaned-up. This proposal is expected to have no impact on ground water.

3)	Is there a water resource use (public, domestic, agricultural, hatchery, etc.), or area of slope instability, downstream or downslope of the proposed activity?	
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe:
	•	water resource or an area of slope instability listed in B-3-b-3 (above) ted by changes in amounts, timing, or movements of groundwater as a posal?
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe possible impacts:
	Note protection	on measures, if any:
	See B.1.h. for	protection measures.

- c. Water runoff (including stormwater):
  - 1) Describe the source of runoff (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

Water runoff, including storm water, from road surfaces will be collected by roadside ditches and diverted onto the forest floor via ditch-outs and cross drain culverts.

2)	Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe.
	□ No ⊠ Yes, describe:
	Waste materials, such as sediment or slash, may enter surface water.
	Note protection measures, if any:
	No additional protection measures will be necessary to protect these resources beyond those described in B-1-d-2, B-1-h, B-3-a-2, and B-3-a-13.
3)	Does the proposal alter or otherwise affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site? If so, describe.
	No changes to drainage patterns are expected.
•	ed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and runoff water, and drainage patterns, if any:
	rface water, ground water, and water runoff sections above, questions B-3-a-1-c, B-3-a-3-b-3, and B-3-c-2.
4. Plants	
⊠ Deci ⊠ Al □ Ot	the types of vegetation found on the site: duous tree: der  Aspen  Birch  Cottonwood  Maple  Western Larch her: green tree:
⊠ Do □ Mo □ Sit □ Ot ⊠ Shrul ⊠ Ho □ S Ferm	ouglas-Fir □ Engelmann Spruce □ Grand Fir □ Lodgepole Pine ountain Hemlock □ Noble Fir □ Pacific Silver Fir □ Ponderosa Pine oka Spruce □ Western Hemlock □ Western Redcedar □ Yellow Cedar her: bs: uckleberry □ Rhododendron □ Salmonberry □ Salal ther: Ninebark, Snowberry, Oceanspray
⊠ Gras: ⊠ Pastu	
•	or Grain
□ Wet □ B	rchards □ Vineyard □ Other Permanent Crops  Soil Plants:  ullrush □ Buttercup □ Cattail □ Devil's Club □ Skunk Cabbage
□ O □ Wate	er plants:

☐ Eelgrass ☐ Milfoil ☐ Water Lily
☐ Other:
Other types of vegetation:
Plant communities of concern:

b. What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered? (Also see answers to questions A-11-a, A-11-b and B-3-a-2).

This proposal will remove approximately 4,000 mbf of conifer timber. The proposal was marked to leave at least six trees per acre, selected from the largest available. Understory vegetation will be disturbed and/or reduced within the proposed harvest area as a result of timber harvest and site preparation activities. It is expected that vegetation will re-establish within 2 to 3 years after harvest activities are complete.

Reserve trees were selected in accordance with DNR's Retention and Perpetuation of Biological Legacies and Green Trees Procedure and Forest Practices Rules. Trees were left individually and in clumps in order to be conducive to safe operations and allowing distribution of wildlife trees throughout the proposal. Additional reserve trees were selected throughout the stands, with a higher priority given to trees with unique structural characteristics, evidence of bird usage, large diameters, and full crowns.

Species preference for reserve trees; ponderosa pine, western larch, western redcedar, Douglas-fir, lodgepole pine, and grand fir. Diameter of reserve trees range from 12 inches in diameter to 30 plus inches in diameter. Average reserve tree diameter is approximately 17 inches. Trees within the proposal area were marked with a blue band of paint identifying reserve trees.

1) Describe the species, age, and structural diversity of the timber types immediately adjacent to the removal area. (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" on the DNR website: <a href="http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa">http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa</a>. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions - Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)

Unit 1- To the north is private timber that has not been harvested consisting of ponderosa pine, western larch and Douglas-fir. To the west is private residence and DNR managed rangeland. To the east is private timber that has not been harvested consisting of ponderosa pine, western larch and Douglas-fir. To the south is DNR agriculture land.

Unit 2 – To the north, west and south is private timber not harvested consisting of Douglas-fir, western larch, ponderosa pine, and western red cedar. To the east is Private Timber previously harvested consisting of Douglas-fir, western larch, ponderosa pine, and western red cedar.

Unit 3 – To the north and west is DNR managed land consisting of Douglas-fir, western larch, ponderosa pine, and western red cedar. To the east is private timber not harvested consisting of Douglas-fir, western larch, ponderosa pine, and western red cedar. To the south is private rangeland.

c.	List threatened and endangered <i>plant</i> species known to be on or near the site.
	None found in corporate database.
d.	Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any:
	Individual and clumped leave trees are identified across the harvest areas. Some clumps were selected for their species diversity or presence of legacy trees. Reserve trees will contribute to the site as a natural seed source, which will complement the future plantation. Native tree species will be planted on site after the harvest and site preparation activities.
	Areas of exposed soils will be seeded with native grasses and forbs after harvest.
e.	List all noxious weeds and invasive species known to be on or near the site.
	Plumeless thistle, common mullein, knap weed, and hoary alyssum have been observed near the site.
Ani	imals
a.	List any birds and other animals or unique habitats which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site. Examples include: birds:  □ eagle ⋈ hawk □ heron ⋈ owls ⋈ songbirds □ other:  mammals: ⋈ bear □ beaver ⋈ coyote ⋈ cougar ⋈ deer ⋈ elk ⋈ other: Shiras Moose, Grey Wolf fish: □ bass □ herring □ salmon □ shellfish □ trout □ other:  amphibians/reptiles: ⋈ frog □ lizard ⋈ salamander ⋈ snake □ turtle □ other: unique habitats: □ balds □ caves ⋈ cliffs □ mineral springs □ oak woodlands □ talus slopes □ other:
b.	List any threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site (include federal- and state-listed species).

5.

None found.

C.	is the site part of a migration route? If so, explain.
	$\square$ Pacific flyway $\square$ Other migration route:
	Explain:
	All of Washington State is considered part of the Pacific Flyway. No impacts are anticipated as a result of this proposal.

d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any:

Species /Habitat: Uplands

Protection Measures:

- Ungulates are the primary species within the proposal area. The current timber stands provide cover, but feeding opportunity is limited. Forage value will increase within the first five years following harvest activities when herbicide application is applied selectively as a method for site preparation prior to planting. The natural primary productivity or first release of forbs, grasses, and other early seral associated plant and shrub species post-harvest will provide optimal foraging and cover opportunities for various ungulate species such as white-tailed deer (Odocoileus virginianus), elk (Cervus elaphus nelsoni), and moose (Alces alces). Additionally, prescribed fire utilized to achieve future silviculture, forest health, fuel reduction, or fire hazard abatement objectives will also increase wildlife forage values as sites recover post-fire.
- At least six Legacy Trees, Wildlife Reserve Trees, and Green Recruitment Trees per acre will be left clumped and scattered.
- The harvest will increase forage for wildlife from tops and limbs of harvested trees in the short term. In the long term, forage will increase from the additional growth of new grasses, forbs and shrubs. Irregular shaped units and buffers should aid in providing hiding cover.
- The Mountain View Timber Sale falls within the Huckleberry wolf packs territory, a known gray wolf (*Canis lupus*) home range identified by the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW). Forest practices activities including harvesting, road construction, and site preparation between March 15 and June 30 shall not occur within 1 mile of a known active den site that has been documented by the department of fish and wildlife or 0.25 mile from the den at other times of the year.
- e. List any invasive animal species known to be on or near the site.

None known.

# 6. Energy and natural resources

a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc.

Petroleum fuel (diesel or gasoline) will be used for heavy equipment during active road building, timber harvest operations, and for transportation. No energy sources will be needed following project completion.

b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties? If so, generally describe.

No.

c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any:

None.

#### 7. Environmental health

- a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste that could occur as a result of this proposal? If so, describe.
  - 1) Describe any known or possible contamination at the site from present or past uses.

None known.

2) Describe existing hazardous chemicals/conditions that might affect project development and design. This includes underground hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines located within the project area and in the vicinity.

None known.

3) Describe any toxic or hazardous chemicals that might be stored, used, or produced during the project's development or construction, or at any time during the operating life of the project.

Petroleum-based fuel and lubricants may be used and stored on site during the operating life of this project.

4) Describe special emergency services that might be required.

The Department of Natural Resources, private, and fire protection district suppression crews may be needed in case of wildfire. In the event of personal

injuries, emergency medical services may be required. Hazardous material spills may require Department of Ecology and/or county assistance.

5) Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any:

No petroleum-based products will be disposed of on site. If a spill occurs, containment and cleanup will be required. Spill kits are required to be onsite during all heavy equipment operations. To mitigate hazards from petroleum products, all equipment will be inspected for leaks, spill kits are contractually required and will be readily available. A spill response plan will be in place The cessation of operations may occur during periods of increased fire risk. Fire tools and equipment, including pump trucks and/or pump trailers, will be required on site during fire season.

NOTE: If contamination of the environment is suspected, the proponent must contact the Department of Ecology.

#### b. Noise

1) What types of noise exist in the area which may affect your project (for example: traffic, equipment, operation, other)?

None.

2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis (for example: traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site.

There will be short term, low level and high-level noise created by the use of harvesting equipment and hauling operations within the proposal area. This type of noise has been historically present in this geographical area.

3) Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any:

None.

## 8. Land and shoreline use

a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties? Will the proposal affect current land uses on nearby or adjacent properties? If so, describe. (Site includes the complete proposal, e.g., rock pits and access roads.)

Current use of site and adjacent land types:

Working forest lands are the current use of the site. The adjacent land types are mostly used as working forest lands with a minor amount of agricultural use.

This proposal will not change the use of or affect the current/long term land use of areas associated

with this sale.

b. Has the project site been used as working farmlands or working forest lands? If so, describe. How much agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance will be converted to other uses as a result of the proposal, if any? If resource lands have not been designated, how many acres in farmland or forest land tax status will be converted to nonfarm or nonforest use?

This proposal site has been used as working forest lands. This proposal will retain the site in working forest lands.

1) Will the proposal affect or be affected by surrounding working farm or forest land normal business operations, such as oversize equipment access, the application of pesticides, tilling, and harvesting? If so, how:

No.

c. Describe any structures on the site.

None.

d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what?

No.

e. What is the current zoning classification of the site?

Forest land; one dwelling unit per 20 acres.

f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site?

Forest land

g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site?

Not applicable.

h. Has any part of the site been classified as a critical area by the city or county? If so, specify.

No.

i. Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project?

None.

j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace?

None.

	k.	Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any:	
		Does not apply.	
	1.	Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any:	
		This project is consistent with current comprehensive plans and zoning classifications.	
	m.	Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with nearby agricultural and forest lands of long-term commercial significance, if any:	
		None.	
9.	Hou	using	
	a.	Approximately how many units would be provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.	
		Does not apply.	
	b.	Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.	
		Does not apply.	
	c.	Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any:	
		None.	
10	. Ae	esthetics	
	a.	What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed?	
		Does not apply.	
	b.	What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed?	
		1) Is this proposal visible from a residential area, town, city, recreation site, major transportation route or designated scenic corridor (e.g., county road, state or interstate highway, US route, river or Columbia Gorge SMA)?	
		☑ No ☐ Yes, name of the location, transportation route or scenic corridor:	

2) How will this proposal affect any views described above?

The views will reflect common management practices by other large industrial landowners in the area.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any:

None.

# 11. Light and glare

a. What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainly occur?

There may be glare from logging equipment during daylight hours, and vehicle headlamps during darkness.

b. Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views?

No glare will be produced from the finished project.

c. What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal?

None.

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control light and glare impacts, if any:

None.

#### 12. Recreation

a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?

Hunting and ATV/UTV riding are the primary recreation uses. Hiking, biking, snowmobiling, and stock riding occurs as informal recreational use in the area.

b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe.

There may be some disruptions to recreational use during periods of harvesting and hauling.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any:

Signage will be posted as a safety precaution to alert the public of active operations.

## 13. Historic and cultural preservation

- a. Are there any buildings, structures, or sites, located on or near the site that are over 45 years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers? If so, specifically describe.
  - Yes, site 45ST01397 is located within the Timber Sale Unit. The site is currently being evaluated for the National Register Eligibility and is therefore considered potentially eligible.
- b. Are there any landmarks, features, or other evidence of Indian or historic use or occupation? This may include human burials or old cemeteries. Are there any material evidence, artifacts, or areas of cultural importance on or near the site? Please list any professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources.
  - Yes, the DNR State Lands Archaeologist conducted a field visit to the proposal area on February 6, 2024. A survey of ridges, rock outcrops, scenic exposures, and other sensitive areas was completed and will be recorded in association with site 45ST01397.
- c. Describe the methods used to assess the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources on or near the project site. Examples include consultation with tribes and the department of archeology and historic preservation, archaeological surveys, historic maps, GIS data, etc.
  - Historical maps and the DAHP database of known archaeological sites were reviewed. Field reconnaissance was carried out by DNR personnel. A DNR archaeologist was consulted. The Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation (CTCR) were notified of this proposal on January 9, 2024. A representative of the CTCR will conduct a field review of sensitive areas 3/19/24.
- d. Proposed measures to avoid, minimize, or compensate for loss, changes to, and disturbance to resources. Please include plans for the above and any permits that may be required.
  - If presently unknown skeletal remains, cultural resources, or both become known during project operations, DNR will comply with the Discovery of Skeletal Remains or Cultural Resources procedure.

# 14. Transportation

- a. Identify public streets and highways serving the site or affected geographic area and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any.
  - Units 1 and 2 can be accessed off Blue Creek Road. Unit 3 can be accessed off Mountainview Road.

b. Is the site or affected geographic area currently served by public transit? If so, generally describe. If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop?

No. Nearest transit spot is approximately 3 miles away.

c. Will the proposal require any new or improvements to existing roads, streets, pedestrian, bicycle or state transportation facilities, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private).

Yes, see A-11-c.

1) How does this proposal impact the overall transportation system/circulation in the surrounding area and any existing safety problem(s), if at all?

This project will have minimal to no additional impacts on the overall transportation system in the area.

d. Will the project or proposal use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe.

No.

e. How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project or proposal? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur and what percentage of the volume would be trucks (such as commercial and non-passenger vehicles). What data or transportation models were used to make these estimates?

Approximately 10 to 15 truck trips per day while the operation is active. Peak volumes would occur during the yarding and loading activities between 4:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. of the operating period. The completed project will generate less than one vehicular trip per day. Estimates are based on the observed harvest traffic of past projects.

f. Will the proposal interfere with, affect or be affected by the movement of agricultural and forest products on roads or streets in the area? If so, generally describe.

No.

g. Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any:

None.

## 15. Public services

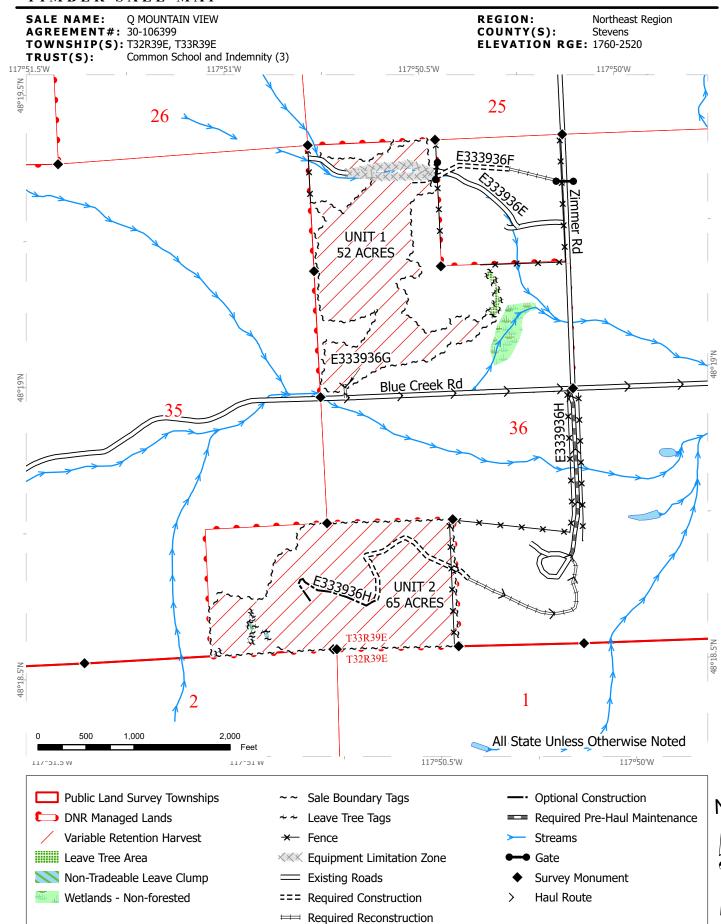
a. Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, public transit, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe.

No

b. Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any.
No
16. Utilities
<ul> <li>a. Check utilities currently available at the site:</li> <li>□ electricity □ natural gas □ water □ refuse service □ telephone □ sanitary sewer</li> <li>□ septic system □ other:</li> </ul>
b. Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which migh be needed.
No utilities are needed.
C. SIGNATURE
The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.  Signature:
Name of signee: Robert Hechinger
Position and Agency/Organization: Northeast Region Management Forester/ WADNR  Date Submitted: 3/14/24

DRAFT DRAFT

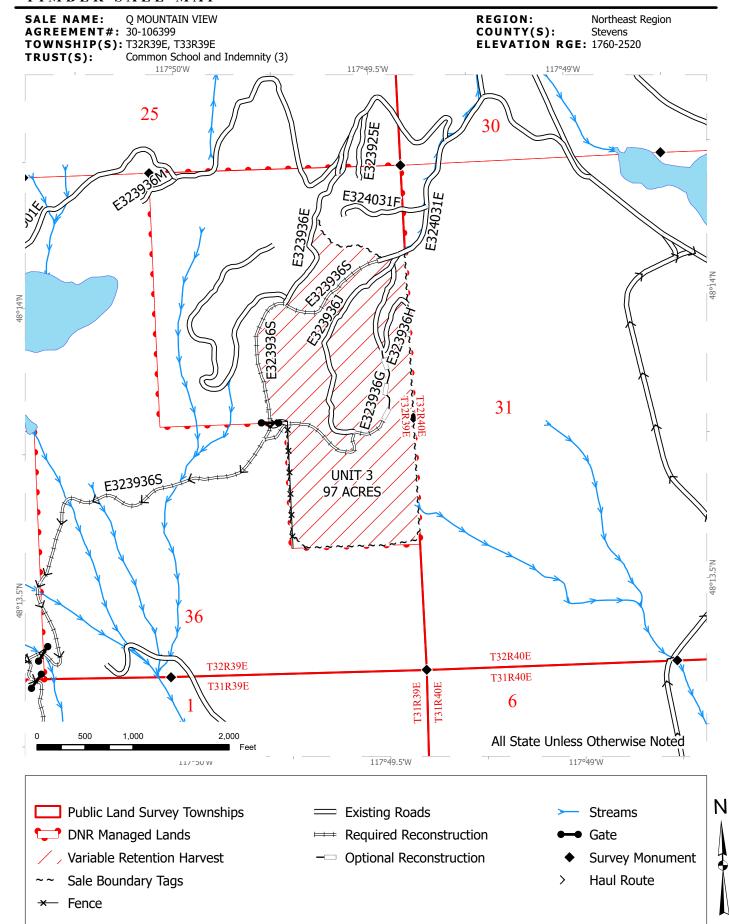
# TIMBER SALE MAP



Prepared By: Ijen490 Modification Date: Ijen490 2/13/2024

DRAFT DRAFT

# TIMBER SALE MAP



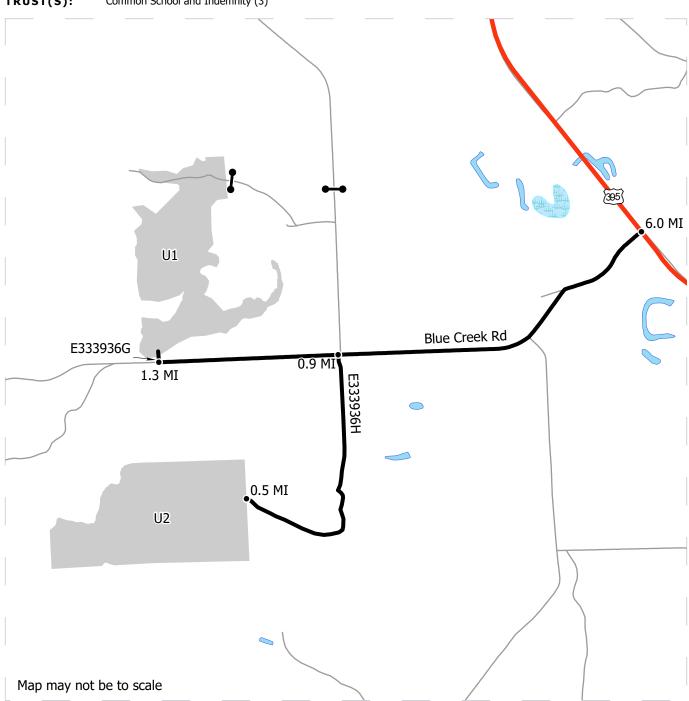
Prepared By: Ijen490 Modification Date: Ijen490 2/6/2024

DRAFT DRAFT

## DRIVING MAP

Q MOUNTAIN VIEW **REGION:** SALE NAME: Northeast Region **AGREEMENT#:** 30-106399 COUNTY(S): Stevens ELEVATION RGE: 1760-2520 TOWNSHIP(S): T32R39E, T33R39E

Common School and Indemnity (3) TRUST(S):





Other Route

Distance Indicator

Gate

#### **DRIVING DIRECTIONS:**

Unit 1: From Chewelah, WA head North on State Route 395 for 6 miles. Turn West onto Blue Creek Road and travel West 1.3 miles and the unit is on the north side of the road.

Unit 2: From Chewelah, WA head North on State Route 395 for 6 miles. Turn West onto Blue Creek Road and travel West 0.9 miles. Turn south into 1734 Blue Creek Road West Addy, WA 99101 for 0.5 miles until you hit the property line.

Unit 3: From Chewelah, WA head South on State Route 395 for 1.9 miles. Turn West onto Quarry Browns Lake Road and travel west for 4.8 miles. Turn South onto Smola Road and travel 1.2 miles. Turn West onto Red Marble Road and travel 1 mile. Turn North onto Mountain View Road for 0.3 miles. Turn North onto E313901EE and continue for 0.2 mile. Turn west onto E313901E and continue 0.3 miles to gate with a combination lock. Continue E313901E for 0.04 miles. Turn East onto E323936S and continue for 0.6 miles. Turn north continuing on E323936S for 0.4 miles until you hit the property line.

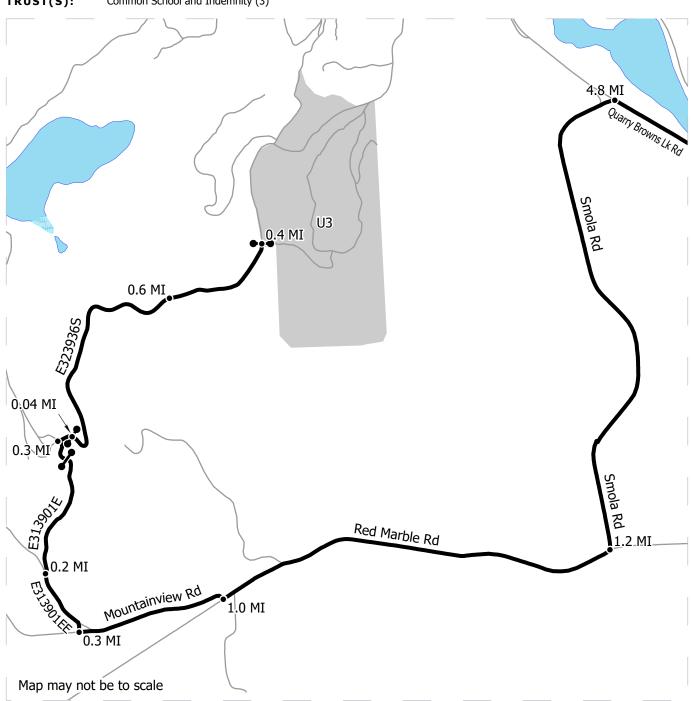
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Prepared By: Ijen490 Modification Date: Ijen490 2/12/2024 DRAFT DRAFT

## DRIVING MAP

Q MOUNTAIN VIEW **REGION:** Northeast Region SALE NAME: **AGREEMENT#:** 30-106399 COUNTY(S): Stevens **ELEVATION RGE:** 1760-2520 TOWNSHIP(S): T32R39E, T33R39E

Common School and Indemnity (3) TRUST(S):





Haul Route

Other Route

Distance Indicator

Gate

#### **DRIVING DIRECTIONS:**

Unit 1: From Chewelah, WA head North on State Route 395 for 6 miles. Turn West onto Blue Creek Road and travel West 1.3 miles and the unit is on the north side of the road.

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Prepared By: Ijen490

Modification Date: Ijen490 2/12/2024

DRAFT DRAFT

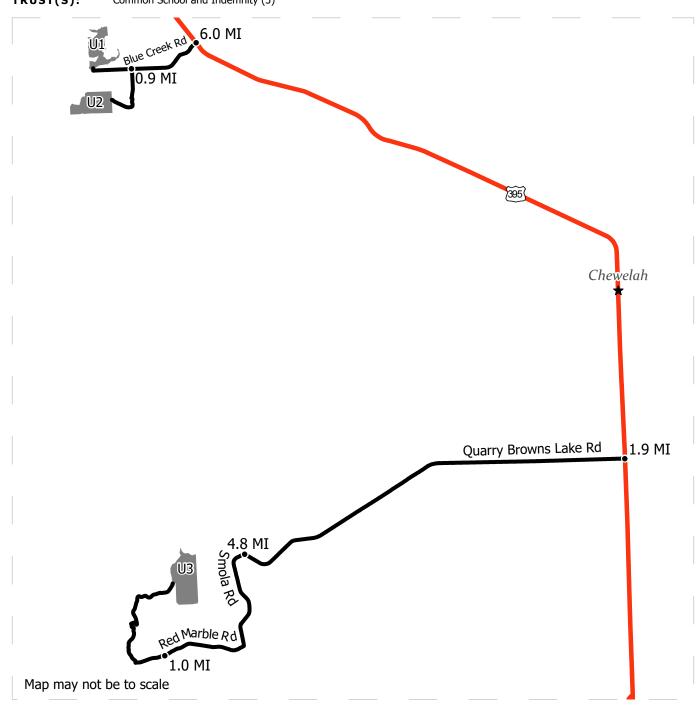
## OVERVIEW MAP

SALE NAME: Q MOUNTAIN VIEW REGION: Northeast Region AGREEMENT#: 30-106399 COUNTY(S): Stevens

TOWNSHIP(S): T32R39E, T33R39E

TRUST(S): Common School and Indemnity (3)

ELEVATION RGE: 1760-2520





#### **DRIVING DIRECTIONS:**

Unit 1: From Chewelah, WA head North on State Route 395 for 6 miles. Turn West onto Blue Creek Road and travel West 1.3 miles and the unit is on the north side of the road.

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Z

Town